- (c) The distress alert must be sent only on the authority of the person responsible for the ship, aircraft or other vehicle carrying the mobile station or the mobile earth station.
- (d) All stations which receive a distress alert transmitted by digital selective calling must immediately cease any transmission capable of interfering with distress traffic and must continue watch until the call has been acknowledged.

## §80.1113 Transmission of a distress alert.

- (a) The distress alert must identify the station in distress and its position. The distress alert may also contain information regarding the nature of the distress, the type of assistance required, the course and speed of the mobile unit, the time that this information was recorded and any other information which might facilitate rescue.
- (b) The format of distress calls and distress messages must be in accordance with CCIR Recommendation 493 as specified in §80.1101.
- (c) Ship-to-shore distress alerts are used to alert Rescue Coordination Centers via coast stations or coast earth stations that a ship is in distress. These alerts are based on the use of transmissions via satellites (from a ship earth station or a satellite EPIRB) and terrestrial services (from ship stations and EPIRBs).
- (d) Ship-to-ship distress alerts are used to alert other ships in the vicinity of the ship in distress and are based on the use of digital selective calling in the VHF, MF, and HF bands.
- (e) Shore-to-ship distress alert relays are used by a station or Rescue Coordination Center to relay information about a ship in distress to, as appropriate, all ships, a selected group of ships, or a specific ship by satellite and/or terrestrial means. The distress alert relay must contain the identification of the mobile unit in distress, its position and all other information which might facilitate rescue.

## §80.1115 Transmission of a distress alert by a station not itself in distress.

(a) A station in the mobile or mobilesatellite service which learns that a mobile unit is in distress must initiate and transmit a distress alert relay in any of the following cases:

(1) When the mobile unit in distress is not itself in a position to transmit the distress alert; or

- (2) When the master or person responsible for the mobile unit not in distress or the person responsible for the land station determines that further help is necessary.
- (b) A station transmitting a distress alert relay in accordance with paragraph (a) of this section or §80.1121(c) must indicate that it is not itself in distress.

## §80.1117 Procedure for receipt and acknowledgement of distress alerts.

- (a) Acknowledgement by digital selective calling of receipt of a distress alert in the terrestrial services must comply with CCIR Recommendation 541, which is incorporated by reference.
- (b) Acknowledgement through a satellite of receipt of a distress alert from a ship earth station must be sent immediately (see § 80.1119).
- (c) Acknowledgement by radiotelephony of receipt of a distress alert from a ship station or a ship earth station must be given in the following form:
  - (1) The distress signal MAYDAY;
- (2) The call sign or other identification of the station sending the distress message, spoken three times;
- (3) The words THIS IS (or DE spoken as DELTA ECHO in case of language difficulties);
- (4) The call sign or other identification of the station acknowledging receipt, spoken three times;
- (5) The word RECEIVED (or RRR spoken as ROMEO ROMEO ROMEO in case of language difficulties);
- (6) The distress signal MAYDAY.
- (d) The acknowledgement by directprinting telegraphy of receipt of a distress alert from a ship station must be given in the following form:
  - (1) The distress signal MAYDAY;
- (2) The call sign or other identification of the station sending the distress
- (3) The word DE;
- (4) The call sign or other identification of the station acknowledging receipt of the distress alert;